

CHAPTER IV

FINDING AND DISCUSSION

In this chapter, the researcher presents the data regarding error corrections in written English captions that collected on @englishbusters Instagram account. The findings revealed that the errors in the captions corrected by @englishbusters can be classified into two types: local errors and global errors. Local errors included errors in spelling (orthographical errors), word choice (lexical errors), word forms (morphological errors), and sentence structure (syntactical errors), while global errors consisted of errors in the order of major constituents and the missing cues to signal obligatory exceptions to pervasive syntactic rules. The first purpose of this research is to analyze the types of grammatical errors that the Grammar Nazi corrects on the @englishbusters Instagram account. The second is to identify any types of errors that are left uncorrected.

A. Finding

The researcher found some findings and described the result of the analysis from both local and global error. These findings were based on the Communicative Effect Taxonomy that was proposed by Dulay et al. (1982).

1. The Types of Grammatical Errors that the Grammar Nazi Corrects on the @Englishbusters Instagram Account

To know the types of grammatical errors that the Grammar Nazi corrects on the @englishbusters Instagram account, the writer identified and classified them into two types: Local Error and Global Error. Here are the

tables which show the erroneous captions, corrections, error types, and, subcategories.

Table 4.1 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 1

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
I got a big news for you.	<i>Never put "a" before news, it's a mass noun - look it up if you're massively confused.</i>	Local error	Lexical error
	<i>This should be "I've got news for you" or "I've got big news for you."</i>		Syntactical error

The researcher can identify the type of error corrected by @englishbusters as a local error, consisting of a lexical error and a syntactical error, based on the information presented in Table 4.1.

In English, "news" is considered a non-count noun and typically does not require an indefinite article or form a plural. Instead, it functions as a mass noun and takes a singular verb form. To accurately convey the message, the correct sentence structure is "I've got big news for you" or "I've got news for you."

Using "news" as a countable noun and adding the article "a" constitutes a lexical error that can compromise the accuracy and clarity of the intended message.

Table 4.2 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 2

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
In The End, She Became More Than What She Expected, She Became The Journey, And Like All Journeys, She Did Not End, She Just Simply Changed Directions And Kept Going!	<i>Why Do You Have To Capitalize Every Word? You Should Only Do This For Titles - And You Should NEVER Capitalize "And."</i>	Local error	Orthographical error

Based on Table 4.2, the writer can determine that the error type corrected by @englishbusters is a local error in orthographical error, specifically a misuse of capitalization.

Table 4.3 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 3

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Nothing greater than a super comfy jeans for everyday use, @hipnbutt are beyond my expectation.	<i>"Jeans" is plural, and not sure what you mean by "@hipandbutt are beyond my expectation" - btw, that's also missing an "s."</i>	Local error	Syntactical error Lexical error

Based on Table 4.3, the researcher identify that the errors corrected by @englishbusters are local errors, comprising of a syntactical error and a lexical error. In the sentence, the use of "a" before "jeans" is an example of a syntactical error because it impacts the sentence's grammatical correctness and clarity. The misuse of a noun, such as using

"expectation" instead of "expectations," is another example of a lexical error.

Table 4.4 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 4

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Loving this colorful vibes.	<i>Had to really double-check some of her mistakes, but they were all too common to be a coincidence. Anyway, it should be "vibe" or "these colorful vibes," and you should never ever say "stay tune" - you need a "d."</i>	Local error	Lexical error
Stay tune on my channel for an upcoming vlog!			

By referring to Table 4.4, the researcher has identified that @englishbusters has corrected local errors, which include two lexical errors. The data reveals that both captions were created by the same influencers. In the first caption, an incorrect usage of the noun "vibes" is identified because it is a plural noun but is being used as a singular noun. The sentence's correct form should be "Loving these colorful vibes," which includes the appropriate plural determiner "these" and uses the plural form of the noun. In the second caption, an error is found in the verb "tune" because it is being used in the wrong form. The correct form of the verb to use in this context is "tuned," which is the past participle form of the verb "tune." The use of the incorrect form "tune" constitutes a grammatical error and a misuse of the verb.

Table 4.5 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 5

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Time to wearing batik.	<i>It's "time to wear batik," dear.</i>	Local error	Syntactical error Lexical error

Table 4.5 shows that @englishbusters corrects local errors, which include subcategories such as syntactical and lexical errors. In one example sentence, the omission of "it is" made it grammatically incorrect and incomplete. As a result, the error is classified as a syntactical error, specifically a problem with the sentence structure. Another error involved the use of the gerund form "wearing" instead of the base form "wear" after the phrase "time to." This mistake is known as a lexical error, which refers to errors in verb tense and form. The error was caused by the incorrect use of the verb in the sentence.

Table 4.6 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 6

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Happiest birthday to this kind hearted women!	<i>Women = plural, so unless your friend has multiple identity disorder, you should be saying "woman" instead.</i>	Local error	Lexical error

Based on Table 4.6, the writer can determine that the error type corrected by @englishbusters is a local error, which the subcategory is lexical error. The error is the use of the plural form "women" instead of the singular form "woman." Since the sentence is referring to a single person,

the correct form to use is the singular "woman." Therefore, the error in the sentence is a lexical error, specifically misuse of noun.

Table 4.7 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 7

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Be proud with your Ethnic is the most beautiful things to show "who you are"!	<i>Holy moly! Yoo buddy boi, here's the deal:</i>		
	<i>1. It's "being," not "be."</i>		Lexical error
	<i>2. It's "ethnicity," not "ethnic."</i>		
	<i>3. You don't need to capitalize "ethnicity" - seriously, why do a lot of people capitalize random ass words (or in @princessyahrini's rare case, EVERY DAMN WORD).</i>		
	<i>4. You got "is" right, but then you fall short again with "things" - it's just one thing!</i>	Local error	
	<i>5. Why the quotes on "who you are"? Like, are you quoting someone? Is it a title of some sort? It's not a special term that needs to be highlighted or quoted</i>		
	<i>bro, my 3-year-old niece can say it.</i>		Orthographical error
	<i>6. It's not the floor that's slippery, it's your English that's a slippery slope! Double-check, Google, or watch more quality English videos brah!</i>		

Table 4.7 reveals that @englishbusters corrects local errors. These errors include lexical, morphological, and orthographical errors. One lexical error occurred when "ethnic" was used as a noun instead of the correct form "ethnicity." Another error was the incorrect use of the word "things" instead of "thing," resulting in a grammatical error. These mistakes are classified as lexical errors, which involve the misuse of noun. Another error involved using "be" instead of "being," which is classified as a morphological error. This mistake involves using the incorrect form of a morpheme, in this case, the present participle "-ing" suffix. Additionally, capitalizing "Ethnic" in the middle of a sentence is a misuse of capitalization and is classified as an orthographical error. This type of error relates to spelling, punctuation, or capitalization.

Table 4.8 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 8

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Have you ever feel alone in a crowded room?	<i>If you're asking "have you," it relates to an event in the past, from when you were born until now. This is also known as "present perfect" - look it up. This means it should be "felt," not "feel."</i>	Local error	Lexical error

Based on Table 4.8, the writer can determine that the error type corrected by @englishbusters is a local error, which the subcategory is lexical error. The verb form "feel" should be in the past participle form "felt" to match the auxiliary verb "have". So the correct sentence would be

"Have you ever felt alone in a crowded room?" The error "feel" instead of "felt" is a lexical error as it involves the choice of the wrong verb.

Table 4.9 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 9

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Think like a queen, A queen is not a afraid to fail, failure is another steppingstones to the greatness.- oprah winfrey	<i>Oprah must've been high as balls if she said it like this.</i>		
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. "Afraid" is one word, I'm afraid 2. "Stepping" and "stone" are two different words, and should be singular 3. No need to capitalize after a comma 4. Put a space after a comma, darling 5. No need for "the" before "greatness" 6. When you actually had to capitalize Oprah's name, you decided to put it in lower case - WHY? 	Local error	Orthographical error
	<i>Well, since you're not afraid of failure, I hope you can achieve greatness with your grammar.</i>		

By referring to Table 4.9, it can be concluded that @englishbusters was able to identify and correct a variety of local errors in the caption. The errors encompassed both orthographical and syntactical errors. The orthographical errors include the lack of spacing after commas, no need to

capitalize after a comma, the misspelling of "afraid," the absence of a space after the hyphen in "steppingstones," and the missing capitalization of "Oprah Winfrey." These types of errors are related to spelling, punctuation, and capitalization. On the other hand, the syntactical error involves the unnecessary use of the article "the" before "greatness." In this context, the use of the article is considered incorrect and thus a misuse of the determiner.

Table 4.10 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 10

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
This year, i had a wonderful year in so many way. I have a man who loves me and supports me every single day. Family that always being there for me. Fans that always support me.I love each of you. Thankyou. Hello 2019!	<i>Hello indeed! Took awhile for us to browse through your copied English quotes and captions; finding an influencer's true English capacity is always an "aha" moment in this new age of being digitally-competent with your fake ass English.</i>		Orthographical error
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Always capitalize "I," you seem to be pretty inconsistent with this 2. Many "ways," as it's more than one way 3. "A family who is always there for me" is the right way to say it, honey 4. When you refer to people like "family" or "fans," refer to them with "who" or 	Local error	Lexical error
			Syntactical error

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
	<i>"whom," not "that"</i> 5. <i>"Each one of you"</i> 6. <i>"Thank" and "you"</i> <i>are two separate</i> <i>words girl</i> 7. <i>Put a damn space</i> <i>after a period</i>		

According to Table 4.10, @englishbusters was able to detect several errors in the given caption. Although the researcher only categorized the errors based on communicative effect taxonomy, they are all classified as local errors which include orthographical, lexical, and syntactical errors.

An orthographical error is a type of error that concerns spelling and writing conventions. For instance, the inconsistent use of capital letters for the pronoun "I" is an example of an orthographical error.

A lexical error, on the other hand, relates to the use of vocabulary and language forms. The use of "way" instead of "ways" in the phrase "different way that made my year wonderful" is a lexical error, as "way" is singular while "ways" is plural. Another lexical error in this case is using "each of you" instead of "each one of you" because it changes the meaning of the sentence. "Each of you" is a valid construction, but it implies that the group as a whole is being addressed, rather than each individual person. On the other hand, "each one of you" makes it clear that each person in the group is being addressed individually. Therefore, since the incorrect usage of "each of you" changes the meaning of the sentence, it is a lexical error.

The third error in the list pertains to a subject-verb agreement issue in the sentence "Family that always being there for me." The present participle "being" should be replaced with the present tense verb "is" to make the sentence grammatically correct. This is a syntactic error, specifically a subject-verb agreement error.

Using "that" instead of "who" in the same sentence is another syntactical error. The correct relative pronoun to use when referring to people is "who," not "that."

Lastly, there are two orthographical errors in the text: the misspelling of "Thankyou" as one word, which should be written as two words ("Thank you"), and the missing spaces after some of the periods. These spacing errors can affect the readability and clarity of the text and should be avoided.

Table 4.11 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 11

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
If you drink as much smoothies as I do then we're friends	<i>This caption is sadly not as smooth as a smoothie.</i> <i>It should be "many smoothies," because the plural form of smoothies can be counted (it's called a "plural count noun"). "Much" should only be used for things that are uncountable, known as "noncount nouns" - for example, "knowledge" and "air" are both noncount nouns</i>	Local error	Syntactical error

Based on Table 4.11, the writer can determine that the error type corrected by @englishbusters is a local error, which the subcategory is syntactical error. The error in using "much" instead of "many" is a syntactical error, specifically a misuse of determiners. The determiner "many" is used for countable nouns, while "much" is used for uncountable nouns.

Table 4.12 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 12

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
	<i>Keep thinking and taking notes about grammar, my friend.</i>	Local error	Syntactical error
when i'm thinking about future, still hard work till the door of your car open in vertical way	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>"Thinking about [the] future."</i> 2. <i>Need to rephrase and simplify the second part of the sentence. Since you started the sentence with "when," the second part needs to start with the subject, in this case it's you.</i> <i>We suggest it could be: "I believe you need to work hard until your car doors open vertically." After reading your caption, we couldn't help but imagine your dream car to be something like this.</i>	Global error	Missing cues to signal obligatory exceptions to pervasive syntactic rules

Based on Table 4.12, @englishbusters corrected two types of errors in the caption: local and global errors. A subcategory of the local error is

the syntactical error, such as omitting "the" before "future." In English, articles indicate if a noun is specific or general. "The" is a definite article for a particular future, while without it, the sentence refers to any future in general.

Additionally, the sentence contains some awkward phrasing ("hard work till the door of your car open in vertical way"), which could be considered a global error in terms of style or tone. Without more context, it is unclear whether the writer intended to use this phrasing for effect or if it was simply a mistake.

Table 4.13 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 13

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
i'll dedicate my first post valentine to @young_lex18 one of the people i respect & value most. the man that i looked up to since 2 years. cheers to our friendship and our hardwork together this whole time. you rock fella!	1. Capitalize "I," please!	Local error	Orthographical error
	2. "First Valentine post"		
	3. Capitalize the first letter of your sentences - shouldn't this be automatic on most smartphones these days? Like, why would you type otherwise? Is it a hip thing these days? You actually have to make an effort to keep everything small caps.		Lexical error
	4. "The man I have been looking up to" or "I have looked up to," since you're still looking up to him, right?		Syntactical error
	5. "Since 2 years"...		

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
	<p><i>ago? Or since you were still a toddler? I think at that age we were all learning to "look up" in general.</i></p> <p>6. <i>"Hard" and "work" are two separate words.</i></p> <p>7. <i>Put a comma after you say "to @young_lex18."</i></p>		

Based on Table 4.13, it is evident that @englishbusters corrected local errors that fall under the categories of orthographical, lexical, and syntactical.

One of the orthographical errors corrected was the use of "i'll" instead of "I'll" with a capital letter, which is a standard capitalization rule. Another orthographical error was the misspelling of "hardwork" instead of "hard work," which is a compound noun. The omission of a period at the end of the sentence is also an orthographical error. The captions also had an orthographical error in the sentences not being capitalized at the beginning. Then, omission a comma after "to @young_lex18" also an orthographical error.

A lexical error was identified in the phrase "first post valentine" in the caption. This error concerns the ordering or form of words in a sentence.

A grammar mistake was found in the caption's sentence "the man that i looked up to since 2 years." The use of "since" for a duration of time

is incorrect, and "for" should be used instead. Additionally, the sentence needs an auxiliary verb "have" to show that the action started in the past and continues now, leading to a syntactical error.

Table 4.14 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 14

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
	<i>Due to popular demand, here is our Monday bust!</i>		Syntactical error
how in earth i can ran out of pictures when i have 100.000++ pics all stored in both of my phone	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>It's "how [on] earth," unless you're actually living inside the fiery depths of our planet.</i> 2. <i>"Can I," not "I can."</i> 3. <i>Since "can" is a modal, it should be "run."</i> 4. <i>"Phone[s]" as you have two.</i> 	Local error	Lexical error

According to Table 4.14, @englishbusters was able to correct multiple local errors. These errors included both syntactical and lexical errors. One of the errors identified was the use of "In earth" instead of "On earth". The correct preposition to use in this phrase is "on", which is used to indicate location on a surface or in relation to the planet Earth. "In earth" is not commonly used in English and can cause confusion. Another syntactical error was the use of "I can" instead of "Can I" when asking for permission. This mistake can lead to misunderstandings as the customary format is to use a modal verb followed by the subject pronoun "I" and the main verb.

The caption also contains two lexical errors. The first is the singular form of "phone" instead of "phones" which indicates that the influencer has two phones. The second is the use of "ran" instead of "run" which is the correct verb form for the sentence.

Table 4.15 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 15

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
You must have in your closet. Don't let it get away! Make it yours on @longchamp	<p>1. "You must have..." <i>what? That bag? That watch? That actress? I mean, we might as well assume she's saying "you must have [me] in your closet."</i></p> <p>2. "Make it yours [at] @longchamp" is a better fit.</p>	Local error	Lexical error

Based on Table 4.15, the writer can determine that the error type corrected by @englishbusters is a local error, which the subcategory is a lexical error. "You must have in your closet" is a lexical error specifically a "missing subject" error. The sentence is missing a subject noun to complete the sentence, which could be something like "this bag" or "this item" to make it grammatically correct.

Table 4.16 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 16

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
On its 17 th days of screening, Dilan 1991 has successfully got 5 million viewers. Will they following the success of the first film?	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. "17th day," not "days" as you're referring to just one day 2. "[Had] successfully got[ten]" (we're using American English here) 3. "Will [it] follow," not "following" - since 		Lexical error
The Panasdalam Bank has officially announced that @danillariyadi is one of the singer that joining the collaboration in Dilan 1991's soundtrack. What do you think?	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> "Dilan 1991" is a name of a movie, the second sentence should say "it," not "they" 4. "One of the singer[s]" 5. "Will be joining" or "that is joining" 6. For movie titles and the like, you should always use quotation marks 	Local error	Morphological error

From the data presented in Table 4.16, it can be concluded that @englishbusters corrected errors in two different captions. These errors were classified as local errors and included both morphological and lexical errors.

The sentence "17th days" contains a morphological error, specifically the incorrect addition of the suffix "-s" to "day". It should be corrected to "17th day". The word "successfully" is misspelled as "sucesfully", which is an orthographic error. Another morphological error is the absence of quotation marks around the title "Dilan 1991".

The use of "got" instead of "gotten" or "achieved" is a lexical error, as "got" is not the correct past participle form of "get". While both forms are acceptable in standard English, "had successfully gotten" would be more appropriate in the context of American English. The use of "they" instead of "it" to refer to "Dilan 1991" is another lexical error, specifically a misuse of pronoun. Lastly, the phrase "one of the singer" should be corrected to "one of the singers", which is a lexical error, specifically a misuse of noun.

Table 4.17 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 17

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Comingsoon TWO BARBIE	<i>You only had four words to write!</i>		
	1. <i>"Coming" and "soon" are two different words</i>		Orthographical error
	2. <i>"Two barbie[s]" as there are two of you (who do look very similar, if we may add)</i>	Local error	
	3. <i>You must really want to emphasize that you both are "TWO BARBIES" by using all caps - we suggest to just use lower case letters and an exclamation point</i>		Lexical error

According to Table 4.17, @englishbusters identified and corrected various types of local errors in a given caption. The errors include both orthographical and lexical errors. One of the orthographical errors was the

lack of space between "Coming" and "soon." Additionally, the phrase "TWO BARBIE" needed to be corrected to "two barbies" to address both a morphological error due to capitalization and a lexical error associated with the noun's misuse. An exclamation point was also missing, which can be classified as an orthographical error.

Table 4.18 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 18

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Mother Loves never end	<i>We love our mothers too, but the correct caption should be: "a mother's love never ends." There's also no need to capitalize "love" - unless, your mother's name is "Loves" and you're referring to her as a nun like Mother Teresa.</i>	Local error	Orthographical
			Syntactical error
			Lexical error

Table 4.18 reveals that @englishbusters rectified local errors in a given caption, which were classified into orthographical errors, syntactical errors, and lexical errors. One of the orthographical errors was using "mother" instead of "mother's," which is a mistake in indicating possession using an apostrophe. Another orthographical error was capitalizing "love," which is unnecessary. The omission of the article "a" before "mother's love" is a syntactical error, specifically a local error. Using "end" instead of "ends" is a lexical error, which involves selecting the incorrect form of the verb "end" to match the subject "mother's love." It is important to correct these errors to ensure clear and effective communication.

Table 4.19 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 19

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Pose before we killing each other.. lol	<i>It should be "before we [kill] each other," mister.</i>	Local error	Lexical error

Table 4.19 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected local error in a given caption. The errors identified was a lexical error. The use of "killing" instead of "kill" which is a lexical error. It is a mistake in word choice, specifically in selecting the appropriate verb tense to match the context of the sentence.

Table 4.20 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 20

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
We're so excited to be part of CDR family! As a new mom & a singer, I personally feel that having healthy bone is a must. Been consuming @CDR.ID , the number 1 selling calcium supplement in Indonesia, to support our lifestyle & maintain healthy bone.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. "Part of [the] CDR family" 2. Unless you're made up of just one freakishly large bone, it should be "healthy bone[s]" 	Local error	Syntactical error <hr/> Lexical error

Table 4.20 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected local errors in a given caption. The errors found were one mistake in sentence structure and one mistake in word choice. The first error is a syntactical error, specifically an omission of the article "the" before "CDR family". The second error is a lexical error because "bone" should be pluralized to "bones".

Table 4.21 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 21

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Mom, I wanna take your photos with uncle @richo_kyle sit together. Photo by @alexanderbarackel	<p><i>1. If you'd like to take new pictures of your mom and @richo_kyle, then you should say "take photos [of you and] uncle @richo_kyle." Saying "take your photos" means there are already photos of your mom and this dude, and you would like to take them from her.</i></p> <p><i>2. It should be "[sitting] together."</i></p> <p><i>3. Where is your mom in this context? Not sure how the caption relates to the audience, we thought it was your mom who took this picture (which would make better sense in our opinion). Not really an issue per se, but we thought the context was a bit awkward.</i></p>	Local error	Lexical error

Based on the data presented in Table 4.21, it can be concluded that @englishbusters detected and corrected local errors in a given caption. These errors were specifically classified as lexical errors. One of them involved the phrase "wanna take your photos", which should have been corrected to "wanna take photos of you" to conform to standard English grammar. This type of error is called a lexical error, which refers to the incorrect selection of words in a sentence. The other error, "sit together" instead of "sitting together", is a lexical error that pertains to the misuse of verbs.

Table 4.22 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 22

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Getting ready to stroll around the city with Hush Puppies #BounceMax. This shoes is made to move you!	<i>It should either be "[these] shoes [are] made" or "this [pair of] shoes is made," my good man.</i>	Local error	Lexical error

According to Table 4.22, @englishbusters corrected a local error in a caption. The error in caption was a lexical error, specifically in the sentence "This shoes is made to move you!". To adhere to standard English grammar, the sentence should read as "These shoes are made to move you!" or "This pair of shoes is made to move you!" depending on whether the subject is singular or plural. This type of error falls under the category of lexical error, which involves using an inappropriate word form or selecting the incorrect word.

Table 4.23 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 23

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
As Specially My Mother In Law.. I Love You !	<i>We'll assume that capitalizing every word is your "unique writing style," but you got "especially" horribly wrong, our dearest princess.</i>	Local error	Orthographical
	<i>Also, don't forget the dash in "mother-in-law."</i>		

Table 4.23 from the data shows that @englishbusters has fixed local errors in a caption, which is related to orthographical errors. One of the errors is the use of "as specially" instead of "especially," which is a common mistake in English language usage. This is an orthographical error, as it involves using an incorrect spelling of a word. Another error is the omission of the dash in "mother-in-law," which is a punctuation error. is an additional mistake in capitalization where every word is capitalized unnecessarily. This is an orthographical error.

Table 4.24 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 24

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Buying stuffs you don't need, with money you don't have to impress people you don't know.... @millennialpwr	<i>Anyway, here's a common mistake Indonesians often make: "stuffs." There is no such thing; the plural of "stuff" as a noun is, well, "stuff." Please stops puttings an "s" to everythings.</i>	Local error	Lexical error

Table 4.24 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected local error in a given caption. The error found was a lexical error. The term "stuffs" in the given sentence is grammatically incorrect and should be replaced with the singular form "stuff". This error is categorized as a lexical error, which refers to an error in word choice, particularly using an incorrect noun.

Table 4.25 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 25

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Today it's really special to me. Because today it's the day to announce the winner of TRESemmé The Runway 2019!	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>It should be "today's special for me" or "today's a special day for me"</i> 2. <i>No need for a period after the above, just write "today's a special day for me, because..."</i> 3. <i>"Today [is] the day," not sure why you keep using "it's" before "the day"</i> 	Global error	Word order of major constituents
Are you excited girls? Who's the winner?	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. <i>"To announce" is a bit awkward; are you announcing it? Doesn't seem like that's the case (since it's announced on TRESemmé's YouTube), so perhaps "today's the day TRESemmé is announcing the winner of..." is a better option</i> 		Lexical error
Subscribe, turn on the notification, and stay tune <i>terus di</i> YouTube TRESemmé Indonesia and watch 360 Live Streaming! Experience the show as if you are there!	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. <i>"Turn on [notifications]"</i> 6. <i>"Stay [tuned]" - always remember that there is no such thing as "stay tune"</i> 7. <i>"As if you [were]," since it's a subjective interpretation, not an actual fact</i> 	Local error	Orthographical error
			Syntactical error

Table 4.25 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected both local and global errors. The global error involved the word order of major constituents, specifically in the sentence "Today it's the day to announce the winner of TRESemmé The Runway 2019!" The correct sentence is "Today is the day to announce the winner of TRESemmé The Runway 2019!" where the subject "today" comes before the verb "is."

On the other hand, the identified local errors consist of several categories, including lexical errors, orthographical errors, and syntactical errors. One of the orthographical errors was the missing apostrophe in "today's," which should be corrected to "today's" instead of "today." Additionally, the sentence structure could be improved for clarity, which falls under the category of syntactical errors. Instead of adding a period after the previous sentence, we can simply write "today's a special day for me, because..."

The use of "notification" instead of "notifications" is a lexical error, where the incorrect word was used. Similarly, the phrase "stay tune" should be corrected to "stay tuned," which is another example of a lexical error. Lastly, using "as if you are" instead of "as if you were" is a lexical error because it involves the incorrect use of the verb "to be."

Overall, it is important to identify and correct various types of errors in written communication to ensure clear and effective communication.

Table 4.26 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 26

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Every steps we take in life comes with a risk, so make sure you're using the right shoes	<i>Oh, no! We don't know what happened here, but it should be "every step," not "steps." Also, "[wearing] the right [pair of] shoes" would work better.</i>	Local error	Lexical error

Table 4.26 illustrates that @englishbusters has rectified local errors in a caption. These errors were classified as lexical errors. The first error, "Every steps," is a lexical error as it uses a singular determiner "Every" with a plural noun "steps." To correct it, "steps" should be changed to "step." The second error is a lexical error, specifically misuse of verb. "Using" is not the appropriate verb to use in this context. "Wearing" is the correct verb that conveys the intended meaning. Another error found was the omission of the phrase "pair of" before the noun "shoes." This led to an incomplete idea and confusion. The error was a lexical error, specifically a missing noun phrase. By adding the necessary phrase, the sentence becomes clearer and more understandable.

Table 4.27 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 27

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
You make happy When sky are gray..	<i>We're pretty sure it's "you make [me] happy when [skies] are grey." Also, crediting the artist/author, Willie Nelson, would be great as well; otherwise, there's this kinda-a-big-deal thing called "plagiarism," ever heard of it?</i>	Local error	Lexical error

Table 4.27 indicates that @englishbusters has detected and corrected errors in a given caption. These errors fall under the category of local errors, with subcategories of lexical errors. The first error, "You make happy," can be categorized as a lexical error, particularly an error in pronoun use. "You make happy" should be modified to "You make me happy" to accurately convey the intended meaning. The error "sky" instead of "skies" is another lexical error, where a word is used incorrectly, in this case, a singular noun instead of its plural form.

Table 4.28 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 28

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Good morning have a blast day !	<i>It should just be "have a blast." Technically, you could say "have a [blasting] day," but nobody really says that other than Ultraman.</i> <i>Oh, and please, don't put a space before the exclamation point.</i>	Local error	Lexical error

From Table 4.28, it can be seen that @englishbusters corrected some local errors, which included a lexical error and an orthographical error. The first error can be classified as a lexical error related to the misuse of idiomatic expressions. Specifically, the expression "have a blast" should not be modified by adding the word "day" at the end, as it already conveys the intended meaning of "have a great time" or "enjoy yourself." The second error is an orthographical error related to the placement of the exclamation mark. It should come after the word "day" to convey the intended tone of excitement.

Table 4.29 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 29

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
what a kind of you, thanks for the flower	<i>1. If you'd like to say how kind someone is, use "how," not "what." So it should be "[how] kind of you."</i>	Local error	Lexical error
	<i>2. Not sure why you slipped an "a" before "kind," there's no need for that. Unless you love to sing-a about the moon-a and the June-a and the spring-a (swipe for reference).</i>		Syntactical error
	<i>3. If you'd like to start with "what a," then it should be "what a kind [person you are]."</i>		
	<i>4. ONE flower? Really? You deserve better.</i>		

Table 4.29 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected local errors consisting of a lexical error and a syntactical error. The first error "What a

kind of you" is a lexical error. It should be corrected to "How kind of you" which is the correct idiom used to express gratitude. There is also a syntactical error in the sentence, which is the unnecessary use of the indefinite article "a" before "kind." "Kind" is an uncountable noun and does not require an article.

Table 4.30 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 30

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Just thinking what should i do first after pandemic gone.. How about you guys? What will you do after all this over?	<i>Basics:</i>	Global error	Word order of major constituent
	1. "Just thinking [about] what [I should] do" is the right way to make that statement.		
	2. If you're asking a question, then it should be "Just thinking[,] what should I do" and make sure to end with a question mark.	Orthographical error	
	3. "After this pandemic [is] gone."	Local error	Lexical error
4. "What will you do after all [of] this [is] over?"			
	•••		
	<i>Extra Brownie Points:</i>		
	1. An ellipsis commonly contains 3 periods, and there's no need to capitalize the letter following it. Probably a period would work better here.		Syntactical error
	2. Put a space after that ellipsis.		
	3. Capitalize "I," please.		

Table 4.30 presents the findings that @englishbusters corrected both global and local errors. The global error occurred in the sentence "Just thinking what should i do first after pandemic gone," which involved the word order of major constituents. The mistake is classified as a global error because it affects the sentence structure and cannot be resolved by modifying a single word or phrase.

On the other hand, the identified local errors consist of both orthographical and syntactical errors, along with a single lexical error. The first error is a syntactical error, where the preposition "about" is missing after "thinking," causing an impact on the syntax and sentence structure. The second error is a lexical error that concerns the omission of "is" before "gone," resulting in a missing verb. Another lexical error is the omission of a verb in the sentence "What will you do after all this over?" causing a disruption in the sentence's meaning and grammaticality. The absence of the preposition "of" in the sentence "What will you do after all this over?" is also a syntactical error. In addition, an orthographical error involves the misuse of an ellipsis with capitalization of the letter following it. A period would be a more suitable choice instead of an ellipsis. Finally, another orthographical error is the lack of capitalization of the pronoun "I."

Table 4.31 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 31

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Keep Smile Guys!	<i>Girl, we found the perfect pencil case and t-shirt for your first day in grammar school! "Smile" is a noun, my dear. It should be "keep [smiling]" or "keep [on smiling]" instead.</i>		Lexical error
	<i>This is quite a common mistake, sadly. Here's another classic: "keep solid". Can you name other similar phrases that are grammatically butchered, learners? We'll repost the ones with a lot of likes! On another note, please don't capitalize every word in a caption unless it's a title of something; we don't need another @princessyahrini.</i>	Local error	Orthographical error

Table 4.31 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected local errors consisting of a lexical error and an orthographical error. The lexical error involved the use of an incorrect verb form. Specifically, the verb "smile" should have been in the gerund form "smiling". In addition, there was an orthographical error in the original caption, as it had capitalized every word unnecessarily.

Table 4.32 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 32

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Everyone in Budapest look so Hungary	<i>Took a while browsing her profile to spot an error, but we finally found one! "Everyone" is singular (just like "everybody"), so it should be "look[s]" - good pun on Hungary, though!</i>	Local error	Lexical error

Table 4.32 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected a local error, specifically a lexical error. The error was found in the sentence "Everyone in Budapest look so Hungary." Since "Everyone" is a singular subject, the correct verb form to use is "looks" instead of "look." The use of the wrong verb form is considered a lexical error.

Table 4.33 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 33

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Open the door please.. 'coz someone heart want to get in , hahaha	<i>1. No need for the two periods, use a comma instead (or a proper ellipsis). 2. "Someone['s] heart." 3. "Want[s] to get in." 4. No need for a space before a comma.</i>	Local error	Orthographical error <hr/> Lexical error

Table 4.33 indicates that @englishbusters found and fixed local errors that consisted of orthographical and lexical errors. The first error was related to orthography and involved using two periods instead of one at the end of a sentence. The second error was also an orthographical error, specifically the omission of an apostrophe in "someone's heart".

The third error, an incorrect space before the comma, was also an orthographical error. Finally, the use of "want" instead of "wants" is a lexical error, which involves the use of the wrong form of the verb.

Table 4.34 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 34

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
im about to make my feed look more colorfull let started shall we ?	1. <i>Apostrophe on "I'm"</i>		Orthographical error
	2. <i>"Colorful," not "colorfull"</i>		
	3. <i>The question should be "let's get started, shall we?" - a scene from "Tropic Thunder" crossed our minds when we read this (slide for reference)</i>	Local error	Lexical error
	4. <i>No space before a question mark please, for crying out loud!</i>		

Table 4.34 indicates that @englishbusters corrected local errors, which consisted of multiple orthographical errors and a single lexical error. The first error is an orthographical error where there is an omission of an apostrophe in "I'm". The second mistake is an orthographical one, which involves misspelling "colorful" as "colorfull." Additionally, an orthographical error was made by failing to include a comma after "Let's get started." The sentence "Let started shall we?" contains a lexical error, specifically an incorrect verb form. It should be corrected to "Let's get started, shall we?" which also contains an orthographical error, specifically omission of an apostrophe in "Let's". Additionally, there should not be a space before a question mark in this sentence, which is an example of an orthographical error.

Table 4.35 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 35

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
can somebody help me caption these picture?	<i>You only posted 1 picture girl, it should be "this," not "these."</i>	Local error	Syntactical error

Table 4.35 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected a local error, specifically a syntactical error. In this case, the use of "these" instead of "this" would be a syntactical error, as it involves using the wrong form of the determiner to describe a singular noun.

Table 4.36 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 36

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
I passionate about People & Fashion. That's why I created these exclusive design with Pride and Love	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. "I'm," not "I" 2. No need to capitalize "people," "fashion," "pride" or "love" 3. "...exclusive design[s]" as there's more than 1 design 	Local error	Lexical error <hr/> Orthographical error

Table 4.36 shows that @englishbusters identified and corrected several local errors in a given caption. The errors included lexical errors and orthographical errors. The original sentence "i passionate about People & Fashion" has been revised to "I am passionate about people and fashion", which uses the correct verb tense and capitalization. The errors involving capitalization have been corrected in the phrase "with pride and love". Additionally, "design" has been changed to its plural form "designs" to reflect the intended meaning, making it a lexical error.

Table 4.37 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 37

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Thanks for 600K followers ! Keep support each others and stay happy	<i>Congratulations. We'll support you by correcting your grammar: 1. "Keep support[ing]" 2. "Each [other]"</i>	Local error	Lexical error

Table 4.37 shows that @englishbusters has corrected local errors found in a given caption, specifically involving multiple lexical errors. Using “support” instead of “supporting” in the phrase “keep supporting” is a lexical error, specifically misuse of verb. Another lexical error is using "others" instead of "other" in the phrase "support each others". The correct phrase is "support each other”.

Table 4.38 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 38

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
A flower does not think competing with the flower next to it. It just blooms. .	<i>The actual quote is: "a flower does not think [of] competing with the flower next to it. It just blooms." Also, not sure why there's a ". .", must be another innovation for an ellipsis in the world of "influencing." As a public service announcement to all influencers: please make sure to credit the person you're quoting; it's the least you can do when stealing the limelight for another person's wisdom (usually with a post that has nothing to do with the context in the first place).</i>	Local error	Syntactical error <hr/> Orthographical error

Table 4.38 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected local errors, including a syntactical error and an orthographical error. The syntactical error involves the omission of the preposition "of" after "think." The orthographical error is the use of an extra space between the last word "blooms" and the period.

Table 4.39 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 39

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Except your self	<p>1. "Accept," not "except." They sound the same but mean totally different things - these words are called "homophones," by the way.</p> <p>2. "Yourself" is one word, my dear</p>	Local error	Orthographical error

Table 4.39 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected local errors, including multiple orthographical errors. The first error is an orthographical error where there is a misspelling of "accept" as "except". Another orthographical error is misspelling of "yourself" into two separate words "your" and "self".

Table 4.40 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 40

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
Dont take my kindness for a weakness, the beast in me is sleep, not dead.	<i>You must have some gnarly sleepwalking behavior if your "beast mode" happens when you sleep. Otherwise, it should be "asleep."</i>	Local error	Lexical error
	<i>Oh, and you're missing an apostrophe.</i>		Orthographical error

Table 4.40 indicates that @englishbusters has corrected local errors, including a lexical error and an orthographical error. The word "sleep" is a noun, while "asleep" is an adverb that means "in a state of sleep." In the sentence "the beast in me is sleep, not dead," the intended meaning seems to be that the beast is not fully awake, but not completely dormant either. Therefore, "asleep" would be the more appropriate word to use here. Using "sleep" instead of "asleep" is a lexical error because it involves the incorrect use of a word. Then the orthographical error is omitting an apostrophe in "don't".

Table 4.41 The Error Analysis of the Influencer 41

Erroneous captions	Corrections	Error types	Subcategories
	<i>Now wait just a damn minute - what? We're so confused, even though fixing this caption is our responsybylyty.</i>	Global error	Missing cues to signal obligatory exceptions to pervasive syntactic rules
Papa ur son ... papanya anakkuh responsibilyty	<i>It should be "our son's father," but we have no idea why there's a random ass "responsibility" floating at the end of the caption.</i>	Local error	Orthographical error
	<i>Maybe his name is Billy, and that it's a genius word twist - any thoughts?</i>		

Table 4.41 presents the findings that @englishbusters corrected both global and local errors. The global error occurred in the phrase "Papa ur son," which involved missing cues to signal obligatory exceptions to pervasive syntactic rules. It is unclear.

Meanwhile the local error is an orthographical error, specifically misspelling of "responsibility" as "responsibilyty".

2. The Types of Errors that are Left Uncorrected

Related to the analysis, the researcher found several local errors in various influencer captions that were not corrected by @englishbusters. There are orthographical errors, lexical errors, morphological errors, and syntactical errors.

1. Orthographical Error

There are numerous orthographical errors that were not corrected by @englishbusters in several influencer captions.

The first is in the caption of influencer 12. The caption is *“when i’m thinking about future, still hard work till the door of your car open in vertical way.”* The sentence contains an orthographical error. The word "till" should be written as "until" to adhere to standard spelling conventions.

The second is in the caption of influencer 13. The caption is *“i’ll dedicate my first post valentine to @young_lex18 one of the people i respect & value most. the man that i looked up to since 2 years. cheers to our friendship and our hardwork together this whole time. you rock fella!”*. The mistake in the sentence "you rock fella!" is an orthographical error, specifically a punctuation error. The influencer forgot to include a comma after the word "rock," which is necessary to separate the verb from the direct address "fella."

The third is in the caption of influencer 19. The caption is *“Pose before we killing each other.. lol”*. The use of an ellipsis at the end of the sentence can create confusion and ambiguity for the reader. An ellipsis is typically used to indicate the omission of words or to create a pause in speech or thought. However, in this sentence, it is unclear what the ellipsis is meant to signify without

any proper context. This lack of clarity can make it difficult for the reader to understand the intended meaning and tone of the sentence. Therefore, it is important to use proper punctuation, such as periods or commas, to clarify the structure and meaning of a sentence and to avoid any misinterpretation.

The fourth is in the caption of influencer 31. The caption is "Keep Smile Guys!". There is a missing a comma before "guys". This is an orthographical error specifically omission of punctuation. The corrected sentence would be "Keep smiling, guys!".

The fifth is in the caption of influencer 35. The caption is "*can somebody help me caption these picture?*". There is an orthographical error specifically omission of capitalization in the first sentence.

The sixth is in the caption of influencer 37. The caption is "*Thanks for 600K followers ! Keep support each others and stay happy*". There is an omission of punctuation. It should be "Thanks for 600K followers!" instead of "Thanks for 600K followers !". This is an orthographical error.

2. Lexical Error

There are a lexical error that were not corrected by @englishbusters in several influencer captions. The error is in the caption of influencer 25. The caption is "*Subscribe, turn on the*

notification, and stay tune terus di YouTube TRESemmé Indonesia and watch 360 Live Streaming! Experience the show as if you are there!". The phrase "watch 360 Live Streaming" should be corrected to "watch the 360 Live Stream" or "watch the 360-degree live stream." This is a lexical error, specifically involving an error in selecting the appropriate noun to use in a sentence.

3. Morphological Error

There are a couple of morphological errors that were not corrected by @englishbusters in several influencer captions. The errors are in the caption of influencer 12. The caption "*when i'm thinking about future, still hard work till the door of your car open in vertical way*" contains two morphological errors. The first error pertains to the phrase "hard work", which should be modified to "hardworking" to form the appropriate adjective to describe someone who works hard. This error falls under the category of morphological error, specifically an error in forming an adjective. The second error pertains to the phrase "vertical way", which should be corrected to "vertically" to reflect the correct adverbial form. This error is also a morphological error, specifically an error in forming an adverb.

4. Syntactical Error

There are half a dozen syntactical errors that were not corrected by @englishbusters in several influencer captions.

The first is in the caption of influencer 4. The caption is “*Stay tune on my channel for an upcoming vlog!*”. The sentence contains a syntactical error in the use of the preposition "on" instead of "to". The correct preposition to use in this context is "to", as in "Stay tuned to my channel." Therefore, the corrected sentence is "Stay tuned to my channel for an upcoming vlog!"

The second is in the caption of influencer 13. The caption is “*i’ll dedicate my first post valentine to @young_lex18 one of the people i respect & value most. the man that i looked up to since 2 years. cheers to our friendship and our hardwork together this whole time. you rock fella!*” In this caption, the error in the sentence "the man that i looked up to since 2 years" is a syntactical error, specifically an error in the use of relative pronouns. The word "that" is commonly used as a relative pronoun to introduce a defining clause, but in this case, "whom" should be used instead because it refers to a person, and "whom" is the object form of "who". Using "that" instead of "whom" in this sentence is a grammatical mistake that can lead to confusion and ambiguity in meaning.

The third is in the caption of influencer 15. The caption is *“You must have in your closet. Don’t let it get away! Make it yours on @longchamp.”* The @englishbusters made a correction by changing the preposition "on" to "at". However, according to the researcher's analysis, using the preposition "on" in that sentence is actually correct. The phrase "Make it yours at @longchamp" means that the item being referred to is physically present at the store, and the reader is being encouraged to visit the store and claim it for themselves. On the other hand, "Make it yours on @longchamp" implies that the reader can purchase the item online through the Longchamp website or social media platform. It is important to note that the preposition "on" is the correct one to use when referring to a website or social media platform, such as "@longchamp."

The fourth is in the caption of influencer 16. The caption is *“The Panasdalam Bank has officially announced that @danillariyadi is one of the singer that joining the collaboration in Dilan 1991’s soundtrack. What do you think?”*. The caption contains two syntactical errors. The first error is using "that" instead of "who" when referring to a person, which is a common mistake. The correct relative pronoun to use is "who." The second error is using "joining" instead of "joining in" to indicate participation in the collaboration, which is a preposition error.

Lastly is in the caption of influencer 40. The caption is *“Dont take my kindness for a weakness, the beast in me is sleep, not dead.”* In this caption, there is an article "a" before "weakness," which is not necessary in this context. The phrase "take [someone's] kindness for weakness" is an idiomatic expression meaning to underestimate or take advantage of someone's kindness or compassion. Therefore, the correct sentence should be "Don't take my kindness for weakness." This is a syntactical error. Articles should be used correctly, and in this case, the use of "a" is unnecessary and incorrect.

B. Discussion

This section presents the discussion of the research findings. There are two problem statements proposed in this study and the discussion only focused on them. As mentioned in the previous chapter, the aims of the study are to analyze the types of grammatical errors that the Grammar Nazi corrects on the @englishbusters Instagram account and to identify any types of errors that are left uncorrected.

The researcher analyzed and classified the errors based on the Communicative Effect Taxonomy to know whether the errors involve in global error or local error.

1. The Types of Grammatical Errors that the Grammar Nazi Corrects on the @Englishbusters Instagram Account

Based on the study findings, there are all types of local errors that were corrected by @englishbusters. These errors included orthographical, lexical, morphological, and syntactical errors. Additionally, the researcher identified two types of global errors. The first type was related to the major word order of constituents, while the second type was related to missing cues to signal obligatory exceptions to pervasive syntactic rules.

The Communicative Effect Taxonomy goes beyond just identifying errors in writing; it also considers the impact of these errors on readers. The researcher decided to select influencers who have at least 1 million followers as the sample criteria because the researcher believed that influencers with such a large following will impact many people.

However, after analyzing the captions of Indonesian influencers, the researcher concluded that while errors were present, they did not have a significant effect on communication with the audience due to the fact that local errors are more frequently detected than global errors. This finding aligns with the theory of Communicative Effect Taxonomy by Dulay et al. (1982), which argues that errors that affect the overall structure of a sentence can hinder successful communication, while errors that only affect a single element of a sentence typically do not have the same impact.

2. The Types of Errors that are Left Uncorrected

Based on the research findings, there are still a considerable number of errors in the captions made by influencers that have not been corrected by @englishbusters. These errors were identified as all types of local errors which include orthographical, lexical, morphological, and syntactical errors. Knock et al. (2016) highlights that correcting all aspects of writing, including spelling, punctuation, and sentence structure is essential when addressing grammatical errors.

The study points out that certain errors made by influencers were disregarded by @englishbusters. This could be because the errors were considered to be minor or not impactful to the overall meaning of the caption. Another possibility is that @englishbusters did not notice some of the errors or did not have enough time to fix them. Moreover, it is possible that the account wants the readers to analyze the errors made by influencers and write them in the comments.

It is important to address all types of errors in writing, including local errors to ensure effective communication with the audience. Ignoring even minor errors can lead to misunderstandings and confusion for readers. Therefore, it is crucial for language correction services to thoroughly check and correct all aspects of writing, including the structure, spelling, punctuation, and grammar, to ensure accurate and effective communication.