

ABSTRACT

Husin: The Role Of Father In The Development Of Adversity Quotient In Children From The Perspective Of The Quran. Under the guidance of Supervisor I: Prof. Dr. H. Abdullah Karim, M.Ag, and Supervisor II: Dr. Hj. Halimatus Sakdiah, S.Ag., M.Si., this study was conducted at the Postgraduate Program of UIN Antasari Banjarmasin in 2024.

Keywords: father role, adversity quotient, Quranic perspective

This research is motivated by increasing attention to the importance of developing the Adversity Quotient (children's resilience in facing life's challenges and problems). The father, as an important figure in the family, has a very important role in shaping the child's character and personality. Therefore, it is necessary to study further regarding the role of effective parenting in developing Adversity Quotient in children, using the Quran as a reference source. Therefore, this research aims to describe the Adversity Quotient, discover the concept of father's parenting patterns; and to describe father's care in developing children's Adversity Quotient from the perspective of the Quran.

This research uses a qualitative approach, and the type of library research is in the form of a study of revelatory texts. The interpretation method used in the research is the thematic interpretation method. As literature research, the primary data sources used are the Quran, Tafsir, Hadith and Sirah. While Secondary or complementary data sources in this research include; Al-Quran dictionary and index or Al-Quran verse tracking application, books related to the Adversity Quotient and its development and others. Data collection uses documentation and literature study techniques, while the data analysis technique is content analysis.

This research found several dimensions of the Adversity Quotient in the Quran, such as: patience, big spirit, optimism, jihad, confidence and gratitude. Based on these findings, parents must develop an Adversity Quotient in their children. Patience is found in QS. Yûsuf (12/53) verses 4-5, QS. Aş-Şâffât (37/56) verses 102-107, QS. Luqmân (31/57) verses 16-18, QS. al-Baqarah (2/87) verses 132-133. Optimistic and never give up, in QS. Ibrâhim (14/72) verses 39-40, QS. Yûsuf (12/53) verses 67 and 87. Have a big soul, in QS. Luqmân (31/57) verses 18-19, QS. Aş-Şâffât (37/56) verse 100. Jihad, in QS. Hûd (11/52) verses 42-43. Sure, in QS. Luqmân (31/57) verses 13 and 16. And thanks, in QS. Luqmân (31/57) verse 12.

In the Koran we find stories that tell of father's care. Among them; authoritarian parenting style in QS. Hûd (11/52) verses 42-43; QS. Yûsuf (12/53) verses 4-5, and QS. Luqmân (31/57) verses 13-19; permissive parenting style QS. Yûsuf (12/53) verses 65-66; democratic parenting style on QS Aş-Şâffât 37/56: 102; and conditional parenting on QS. Yûsuf (12/53) verses 4-5, 11-14, and 65-66.

Parenting methods that can increase adversity quotient include the exemplary method, on QS Aş-Şâffât (37/56) verse 102; advice method, on QS. Hûd (11/52) verses 42-43; command and prohibition method, in QS. Luqmân (31/57) verses 16-17; and methods of prayer and compassion in the QS. Hûd (11/52) verse 45.

Father's care in developing children's Adversity Quotient from the perspective of the Quran, which is called the role of fathers in child rearing, is: 1) Teaching monotheism to children, QS. Luqmân (31/57) verses 13 and 16. 2) Train patience in children, QS. Yûsuf (12/53) verses 4-5. 3) Pray for and bless your children, QS. aş-Şâffât (37/56) verse 100 and QS. Ibrahim (14/72) verse 37. 4) Instilling discipline, QS. Luqman (31/57) verse 13. 5) Warm dialogue between parents and children (two-way communication), QS. Aş-Şâffât (37/56) verse 102. 6) Parents are examples for their children in words and deeds, QS aş-Şâffât (37/56) verse 102 and QS. Luqmân (31/57) verse 12. 7) Controlling children's behavior, QS. al-Baqarah (2/87) verses 132-133 and QS. Luqmân (31/57) verses 18-19. 8) Parents are good listeners to their children, QS. Yusuf (12/53) verses 4-5 and QS. aş-Şâffât (37/56) verses 102-107. 9) Training children's dexterity, QS. Yusuf (12/53) verses 67 and 87. 10) Training children's independence by working to help parents, QS. aş-Şâffât (37/56) verse 102.

The stages of father's care in developing Adversity Quotient can be carried out at every phase of a child's development. These phases are (1) childhood phase (0-6 years); (2) phase of children at school age (6-12 years); (3) first adolescent phase (13-16 years); and (4) the final adolescent phase (17-21 years).