

### **CHAPTER III**

#### **RESEARCH METHOD**

This research uses a descriptive qualitative method, it describes about the implicatures in Sherlock Holmes novel by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. Descriptive research is not intended to test a certain hypothesis but it just describes an actual data (Arikunto, 2005 p.234).

According to Clissett (2008, p. 100) qualitative research covers a wide range of approaches for the exploration of “human experience, perceptions, motivations and behaviors” and is concerned with the collection and analysis of words whether in the form of speech or writing. In this aspect, qualitative inquiry means to understand what others do and say or to “get grasp, hear, catch and comprehend” what something means.

As stated by Gay (1987, p.11) descriptive research involves collecting data in order to test hypotheses or answer question relates to the current status of the object of the study. A descriptive study determines and reports the thing. It means that descriptive study, the research happen naturally, and the research has no control over the condition and the situation, and can only measure what already exist.

Furthermore, Ary 1997 (in Fikriyani 2014) summarized the process of descriptive research in some steps, they are:

1. Statement of the problem. The researcher must start with a clear statement problem: this statement identifies the variables to be involved in the study.

2. Identification of information needed to solve the problem.
3. Selection or development of instrument for gathering the data.
4. Identification of the target population and determination of any necessary sampling procedures.
5. Design the procedure of data collection.
6. Collection of data.
7. Analyzing data.
8. Preparation of the report.

According to Abrams and in Hazard Adams' *Critical Theory since Plato* (in Fikriyani 2014) there are four approaches in analyzing literacy works. The first is mimetic approach. This kind of approach related to the social reality, it tells about the culture, politic, economy. The author has to write about when and where the novel is written, and how the condition of the society at that time. Second is the expressive approach. In this approach tends to focus on the author, so, the author background appears as the effect of the approach. The third is pragmatic approach. This approach recognized the literature as the tool to deliver the certain purpose to the reader just like religion, social, culture and etc. the last is objective approach. Objective approach is view of literary work as something which stands free from the author, the audience and the over running world. It describes the literature products as the self-sufficient object, or else as work in itself, which is to be analyzed and judge by intrinsic creation, integrity, and interrelation of its components or elements.

## **A. Subject and Object of the research**

### 1. Subject of the Research

The subject of this reasearch is the novel *Study in Scarlet* by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle that written in English Language in 1886 and published by Aziloth Books in 1887.

### 2. Object of the Research

The object of the research is implicatures that found in a novel *Study in Scarlet* by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.

## **B. Data**

The data that the researcher's use is the implicatures found in a novel *Study in Scarlet* by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.

## **C. Technique of Data Collecting**

The researcher is focused on the techniques:

1. The researcher reads all of chapter in the novel and choose the data that dealing with the problems of the reasearch.
2. The researcher adds some information from another data that support the theories.

## **D. Technique of Data Processing and Analysis**

### a. Collecting

The researcher collects the data are needed to complete.

### b. Classifying

The researcher classifies the data to make data easier.

c. Analyzing

The researcher analyzes the data after collecting and classifying the data to describe about the implicatures in novel *Study in Scarlet*.