

## CHAPTER V

### CONCLUSION AND SUGESSTION

#### A. Conclusion

1. There are 19 headlines of streaming video news which are ambiguous in Cable News Network (CNN) on April-May 2016.
2. There are 13 cases of lexical ambiguity: 11 words and 2 phrases, 4 cases structural ambiguity, 2 cases of lexical and structural ambiguity at a time in one headline.
3. Lexical Ambiguity is the most dominant with total percentage is 68,42% , structural ambiguity is 21,05%, and lexical and structural ambiguity is 10,52%.

#### B. Suggestions

Ambiguity is a phenomenon is interesting to learn and to analyze. It can happen in any situation whether in daily conversation or in written sources. Sometimes people likes to make their listeners / readers confused of what they speak / write, Because there's some advantages that they want to get for example: in advertisement and in literature (the writer usually uses it to beautify review their works).

However, there are some people too accidentally do/ make their listeners/ readers feel confused. This ambiguity depends on the knowledge of the listener/ reader, if they have a wide knowledge, it may be possible to avoid this case. Through this thesis, it is recommended that the readers may have discussed another subject such as phonetic ambiguity since this thesis

only discusses about lexical and structural ambiguity. Hopefully, by doing this, it will expand our knowledge not only about lexical and structural ambiguity in *Cable News Network (CNN)*, but also about phonetic ambiguity in other sources.