## **CHAPTER III**

### RESEARCH METHOD

## A. Research Design

This research is descriptive qualitative where its purposes for give description and explanation about the research (Sugiono, 2000, p 11). The design describes the procedures for conducting the study, including when, from whom, and under what condition the data will be obtained. In other words, design indicates how the research is done. What happens to the object and what procedure of data collection are used. The purpose of a research design is to provide the most valid, accurate answer possible to research question.

# B. Research Setting

This research is library research. The researcher need 10 Western songs produced in before 2000 and 10 Western songs after year 2000 to analyzes slang words in the Western songs lyrics.

### C. Object

The object of this research is the Western songs lyrics. It researcher in Slang language used in Western songs lyrics.

#### D. Data

Data is word formation from Western songs lyrics are used by Western songs, which has been observed by researcher to identify the item of slangs words that used. The researcher browsing and collect the Western

songs lyrics from internet and print out the data. The transcript of lyrics western songs in the internet from before 2000 and after year 2000.

### E. Techniques of Data Collection

The techniques in collecting data were as follow:

- a. Reading the lyrics of the song in Western songs. The researcher read the lyrics of the songs carefully in order to find the slang words in those songs.
- b. Identifying the slangs words that are found in Western songs. Then, the researcher identified the slangs words in the song. All types of slang words put together in this step.
- c. Listing is a process to separate the data. To separate the data, the researcher have made list of data into certain form in order to make it easier to be analyzed.
- d. Classifying. The researcher classified the data and then classified them into each item.
- e. Reporting is an activity to report the data that are taken from the text in a table. All the data, which were taken from the text, were found in a list.

# F. Data Analysis

After data are collected, the researcher classified them based on the problem statement and then analyzed them qualitatively. Then, the researcher reported it descriptively. After that, the writer matched the findings with the theory related, so that all data can be used to answer the probing questions systematically. The researcher also made conclusion in inductive way.